TALLAHASSEE – LEON COUNTY CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION D/B/A COUNCIL ON CULTURE AND ARTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

CARROLL and COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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CARROLL and COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2640-A Mitcham Drive Tallahassee, FL 32308-5400

(850) 877-1099 Fax (850) 878-7000 E-Mail: cpas@ccrcpa.com Website address: www.ccrcpa.com **MEMBERS**

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

> FREDERICK CARROLL III FOUNDER (RETIRED)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Tallahassee – Leon County Cultural Resources Commission d/b/a Council on Culture and Arts Tallahassee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

ABBY F. DUPREE, CPA, CGMA

KATHLEEN E. BROTHERS, CPA, CGMA

STEPHANIE G. ZOTTOLI, CPA, CGMA

RICH A. HEITMEYER, CPA

KRISTIE E. DEBOER, CPA

LAUREE M. ELLIOTT, CPA

LAUREN I. MAULTSBY, CPA

KACIE K. MCCLOUD, CPA

STEPHEN C. ROEDER, CPA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tallahassee – Leon County Cultural Resources Commission d/b/a Council on Culture and Arts (a non-profit organization) (the Council) which comprise the statements of financial position as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Board of Directors

Tallahassee – Leon County Cultural Resources Commission
d/b/a Council on Culture and Arts

Page Two

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 12, 2022, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Canoll and Company

January 12, 2022

TALLAHASSEE – LEON COUNTY CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION D/B/A COUNCIL ON CULTURE AND ARTS STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

September 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS

CLIDDENIT ACCETS	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Grants receivable Prepaid expenses Deposits	\$ 1,268,831 356,838 110,626 6,161 3,401	\$ 945,373 181,862 45,256 1,943 3,401
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,745,857	1,177,835
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	3,432	4,324
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,749,289	\$ 1,182,159
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSI	ETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Paycheck Protection Program loan Due to beneficiaries under agency transactions Refundable advances	\$ 353,064 75,140 1,881 813,408	\$ 577,248 76,960 1,997 206,556
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,243,493	862,761
NET ASSETS Without donor restrictions Designated for contingency reserve fund Designated for staff retirement fund Undesignated	10,177 4,243 491,376	10,177 10,173 299,048
TOTAL NET ASSETS	505,796	319,398
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 1,749,289</u>	<u>\$ 1,182,159</u>

TALLAHASSEE – LEON COUNTY CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION D/B/A COUNCIL ON CULTURE AND ARTS STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPO	ФТ		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
County grants	/IX I	\$	454,384	\$	1,779,265
Grants and contributions		φ	234,319	Ф	69,285
City contract			192,036		192,036
County contract			150,000		150,000
Membership fees			15,503		12,029
In-kind contributions			13,500		5,400
Other revenue			8,170		2,716
Advertising revenue			7,759		10,037
License plate fees			6,820		5,673
Interest income			468		1,216
interest meome			100		1,210
TOT	AL REVENUES AND				
101	OTHER SUPPORT		1,082,959		2,227,657
	9111211 9 9 1 1 9 1 1 1		<u> </u>		
EXPENSES					
Program services			768,619		2,100,084
Management and general			111,521		107,194
Fundraising			16,421		20,158
					_ = 0, - = =
	TOTAL EXPENSES		896,561		2,227,436
			0,0,001		
CHA	NGE IN NET ASSETS		186,398		221
J-11-2	., 92 , 1, 21 2212		100,000		
	NET ASSETS,				
В	EGINNING OF YEAR		319,398		319,177
_					
	NET ASSETS,				
	END OF YEAR	\$	505,796	\$	319,398
		===			

TALLAHASSEE – LEON COUNTY CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION D/B/A COUNCIL ON CULTURE AND ARTS STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

2021

	Program <u>Services</u>	nagement <u>General</u>	<u>Fu</u>	ndraising	<u>Total</u>
County grant payments	\$ 403,975	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$ 403,975
Salaries	219,922	66,686		9,903	296,511
Office space rental	35,602	10,795		1,603	48,000
Professional services	24,773	7,511		1,116	33,400
Payroll taxes	19,206	5,824		865	25,895
Insurance	15,913	4,825		717	21,455
Office expenses	15,901	4,821		716	21,438
Marketing and advertising	14,453	4,383		651	19,487
Equipment	7,308	2,216		329	9,853
Public meetings and events	4,673	1,417		210	6,300
Retirement benefits	4,399	1,333		198	5,930
Depreciation	1,522	461		69	2,052
Supplies	972	296		44	1,312
Finance and bank charges	 -0-	 953		-0-	 953
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 768,619	\$ 111,521	\$	16,421	\$ 896,561

TALLAHASSEE – LEON COUNTY CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION D/B/A COUNCIL ON CULTURE AND ARTS STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

2020

	Program <u>Services</u>	Managemen & General	t <u>Fundra</u>	<u>ising</u>	<u>Total</u>
County grant payments	\$ 1,722,120	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$ 1,722,120
Salaries	233,539	65,391	12,	,455	311,385
Office space rental	43,425	12,159	2,	,316	57,900
Professional services	20,535	5,750	1,	,095	27,380
Marketing and advertising	18,133	5,077		967	24,177
Insurance	17,927	5,020		956	23,903
Payroll taxes	15,418	4,317		822	20,557
Office expenses	10,168	2,847		542	13,557
Public meetings and events	6,895	1,930		368	9,193
Equipment	4,765	1,334		254	6,353
Retirement benefits	3,620	1,014		193	4,827
Travel and hospitality	1,697	475		91	2,263
Depreciation	1,157	324		62	1,543
Finance and bank charges	-0-	1,364		-0-	1,364
Supplies	685	192		<u>37</u>	914
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 2,100,084	<u>\$ 107,194</u>	<u>\$ 20.</u>	<u>,158</u> <u>S</u>	\$ 2,227,436

TALLAHASSEE – LEON COUNTY CULTURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION D/B/A COUNCIL ON CULTURE AND ARTS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$	186,398	\$	221
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		2,052		1,543
Forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program loan		(76,960)		-0-
(Increase) decrease in:		, , ,		
Accounts receivable		(174,976)		131,719
Grants receivable		(65,370)		282,985
Prepaid expenses		(4,218)		6,789
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(224,184)		377,612
Due to beneficiaries under agency transactions		(116)		(1,207)
Refundable advances		606,852		(490,157)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	249,478		309,505
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property and equipment		(1,160)		(5,867)
i dichase of property and equipment		(1,100)		(3,007)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Paycheck Protection Program loan		75,140		76,960
NET INCREASE IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		323,458		380,598
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		323,430		300,370
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,				
BEGINNING OF YEAR		945,373		564,775
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,				
END OF YEAR	\$	1,268,831	\$	945,373
END OF TEAK	Ψ	1,400,031	Ψ) 1 3,3/3

September 30, 2021

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

Nature of the Organization

The Tallahassee – Leon County Cultural Resources Commission was created by the authority of Section 265.32, *Florida Statutes*, the October 18, 1985 inter-local agreement between the Tallahassee City Commission (the City) and the Board of County Commissioners of Leon County (County), and the 1985 Resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of Leon County to serve as the designated local arts agency for the City and the County for all purposes set out in the statutes and the organizational documents as follows:

- > Stimulate greater governmental and public awareness and appreciation of the importance of the arts to the people of Tallahassee/Leon County;
- Encourage and facilitate greater and more efficient use of governmental and private resources for the development and support of the arts;
- ➤ Encourage and facilitate opportunities for Tallahassee/Leon County residents to participate in artistic activities;
- ➤ Promote the development of resident artists, arts institutions, and community organizations sponsoring arts activities and audiences;
- > Survey and assess the needs of the arts, artists, arts institutions, and community organizations sponsoring arts activities and people of Tallahassee/Leon County relating to the arts;
- > Support and facilitate the preservation and growth of the state's artistic resources;
- > Contract for artistic services, performances, and exhibits;
- Develop a center or complex of physical facilities for the use of the arts;
- Provide financial and/or technical assistance to artists, arts institutions, and audiences; and
- ➤ Otherwise serve the citizens of Tallahassee and Leon County in the realm of the arts.

Effective October 1, 2006, the Tallahassee – Leon County Cultural Resources Commission began operating under the fictitious name Council on Culture and Arts (the Council).

September 30, 2021

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Council is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to the existence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for a contingency reserve fund and a staff retirement fund.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. The Council had no net assets with donor restrictions as of September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Council considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value, and accounts deemed uncollectible by management are expensed as bad debts. There is no material difference between the direct write-off method used by the Council and the allowance method required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Grants and Contributions

Unconditional grants and contributions are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional grants and contributions are recognized only when the requirements on which they depend are substantially met and the grants and contributions become unconditional. Amounts earned but not received are reported as grants receivable. Amounts received but not earned are reported as refundable advances.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and Equipment

The Council capitalizes acquisitions of property and equipment having a useful life of more than one year and a cost of at least \$1,000. Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that exceed the threshold established by management and significantly extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized. All property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the assets. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs and for equipment with a value of less than \$1,000 are charged to expense as incurred.

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

Revenues from contracts with members for memberships are reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Council expects to be entitled to in exchange for providing membership to its members. Membership dues are recognized as performance obligations are satisfied over the membership term, which is on an annual basis, but varies for each member. Membership dues are billed annually and are nonrefundable.

Revenues from advertising, license plate fees, and other are recognized when the services have been performed and the products have been transferred.

Support that is restricted by donors is reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the restriction expires (that is when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Volunteer Services and Donated Property

During the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Council received donated services of approximately \$13,500 and \$5,400, respectively, which met the criteria for recognition in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and are therefore reflected in the accompanying statements of activities.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Grants and Awards

Grants and awards are recorded as program expenses at the time of unconditional approval by the Council. The Council administers the cultural grant programs on behalf of the City and County. Grant administration includes reviewing applications, making awards, monitoring grantee performance and submitting periodic reports of the grant programs to the City and County. Distributions under the County grant program are made by the Council on a basis aligned with the authorized contractual payment schedule in the individual executed agreements. These schedules may vary between two to four payments per fiscal year. The disbursements are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as program services expenses.

Advertising Costs

The Council incurs marketing and advertising costs to promote special events. These costs are expensed as incurred and totaled \$19,487 and \$24,177 for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the program and supporting services benefited based on management's assessment of staff time. For the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, total expenses were comprised of eighty-six percent (86%) and ninety-four percent (94%) program service expenses, and twelve percent (12%) and five percent (5%) management and general expenses, and two percent (2%) and one percent (1%) fundraising expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Council is exempt from state and federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a). There was no unrelated business income for fiscal years 2021 and 2020. Accordingly, no provision is made for federal income taxes.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2020 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2021 presentation.

NOTE B – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Council follows the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820). ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requiring use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard establishes a fair value hierarchy about the assumptions used to measure fair value and clarifies assumptions about risk and the effect of a restriction on the sale or use of an asset. This standard does not require any new fair value measurements, but rather applies to all other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (or exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices of similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the same term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

NOTE B – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, grants receivable, prepaid expenses, deposits, accounts payable and accrued expenses, due to beneficiaries under agency transactions, and refundable advances approximates carrying value, principally because of the short maturity of those items.

While the Council believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value as of the reporting date.

NOTE C – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of September 30:

	Estimated Useful Lives	2021	2020
Website	3 years	\$ 90,312	\$ 90,312
Computer and office equipment	3-5 years	11,473	16,457
		101,785	106,769
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(98,353)	(102,445)
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		\$ 3,432	\$ 4,324

NOTE D – OPERATING LEASES

The Council leases office space and equipment under operating leases expiring through 2024. Future minimum payments required under the non-cancelable leases as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	
2022	\$ 49,601
2023	1,601
2024	1,068
TOTAL	\$ 52,270

Rent expense for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 totaled \$49,601 and \$59,442, respectively.

September 30, 2021

NOTE D – OPERATING LEASES (Continued)

In August 2021, the Council began subleasing the office space under a cancelable agreement expiring in July 2022. Rental income is \$4,000 per month under the sublease. Rental income for the year ended September 30, 2021 totaled \$8,150.

NOTE E – AGENCY TRANSACTIONS

The Council entered into agreements whereby the Council acts as an agent for and on behalf of a donor. Under the terms of these agreements, the Council agrees to receive assets from the donor(s) and transfer those assets to specified beneficiaries. As of September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Council held \$1,881 and \$1,997, respectively, to be transferred to specified beneficiaries under these agreements. These amounts are included in due to beneficiaries under agency transactions in the accompanying statements of financial position.

NOTE F – CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Council maintains cash balances at a financial institution. Accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per financial institution. Council's uninsured cash balances as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 totaled \$770,078 and \$681,210, respectively.

A substantial amount of the Council's budget is derived from local government funds. This revenue, including grants paid to local organizations, represents eighty percent (80%) and ninety-five percent (95%) of total revenues for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The revenue, excluding County grants passed-through to local organizations, represents forty-four percent (44%) and eighteen percent (18%) of total revenues for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. With the exception of special projects, the Council requests these funds on an annual basis and the level of funding is not guaranteed.

NOTE G – LINE OF CREDIT

The Council maintains a \$50,000 line of credit with a financial institution, which is payable on demand and bears interest at a variable rate based on the prime rate (5.25% as of September 30, 2021 and 2020). The line of credit matures in February 2022 and, subject to certain conditions, may be renewed. There was no outstanding balance on the line of credit as of September 30, 2021 and 2020.

The carrying value of the line of credit approximates fair value because this financial instrument bears interest at a rate that approximates current market rates for notes with similar maturities and credit quality.

NOTE H – PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM LOAN

On May 8, 2020, the Council received loan proceeds in the amount of \$76,960 under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP), with a subsequent second-round loan being distributed on January 28, 2021 in the amount of \$75,140. Established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act, the PPP provides for loans to qualifying businesses and not-for-profit organizations in amounts up to 2.5 times the entity's average monthly payroll expenses. PPP loans and accrued interest are forgivable after a "covered period" (eight or twenty-four weeks) as long as the borrower maintains its payroll levels and uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent, and utilities. The forgiveness amount will be reduced if the borrower terminates employees or reduces salaries during the covered period. Any unforgiven portion of a PPP loan is payable over two or five years at an interest rate of 1%, with a deferral of payments for 10 months after the end of the covered period.

On December 9, 2020, the Council was granted forgiveness in the amount of \$71,960 by the Small Business Administration (SBA), followed by forgiveness of the remaining \$5,000 balance on February 24, 2021 for the first-round of the loan. The Council was granted forgiveness of the second-round PPP loan on November 23, 2021 for the total amount of \$75,140. The Council will not be required to re-pay any portion of the loans granted.

The Council has recognized grant revenue of \$76,960 in fiscal year 2021 as a result of the forgiveness of the first-round PPP loan. The second-round PPP loan is reflected as a note payable as of September 30, 2021, and will be recognized as grant revenue in fiscal year 2022, the year in which forgiveness was granted.

NOTE I – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

Financial assets available for general expenses, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statements of financial position, comprise the following:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Grants receivable	\$ 1,268,831 356,838 110,626	\$ 945,373 181,862 45,256
Total financial assets	1,736,295	1,172,491
Board designations: Contingency reserve fund Staff retirement fund	(10,177) (4,243)	(10,177) (10,173)
Total financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenses within one year	<u>\$ 1,721,875</u>	<u>\$ 1,152,141</u>

NOTE I – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY (Continued)

The Council has two board designations, which are not available for general expenditures due to self-imposed limitations. Those are a board-designated contingency reserve fund and a staff retirement fund. The contingency reserve fund is set aside by the board to support unanticipated liquidity needs, whereas, the staff retirement fund is designated to cover retirement benefits.

The Council also maintains a \$50,000 line of credit to meet its short-term cash needs as they arise.

The Council monitors cash availability on a regular basis prior to preparing its accounts payable disbursements.

NOTE J - RETIREMENT PLAN

In October 2019, the Organization established a SIMPLE-IRA plan (the Plan) for employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. Employer contributions equal two percent (2%) of the eligible employees' compensation. For the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, employer contributions totaled \$5,930 and \$4,827, respectively.

NOTE K – UNCERTAIN TAX POSITIONS

Management is not aware of any activities that would jeopardize the Council's tax-exempt status, and believes it has no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements as of and for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

The Council is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits in progress for any tax periods. The Council believes it is no longer subject to income tax examinations for fiscal years ending prior to September 30, 2018.

NOTE L – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Council has evaluated subsequent events through January 12, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

As a result of the COVID-19 outbreak, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to continue into fiscal year 2022. Organizations' continuity, including tourist visits and consumer demand across a broad range of art and cultural manifestations and events in the city and the county could be severely impacted for months or beyond as governments and their citizens take significant and unprecedented measures to mitigate the consequences of the pandemic.

NOTE L – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

Management is constantly monitoring the situation and adjusting as needed. The Council's physical location has been subleased, and all employees work in a hybrid system, both remotely and in the office as they can. Future hybrid solutions may be in place as the Council continues to evaluate all the options on how to more efficiently serve the community as well as protect the health of its employees. No adjustments have been made to these financial statements as a result of this uncertainty. However, the financial uncertainties have contributed to a smaller pool of funding available for this fiscal year's grant cycle. Other financial impacts could occur, though such impacts are unknown at this time.

NOTE M – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In November 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2017-14, *Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220), Revenue Recognition (Topic 605), and Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, which sets out to clarify the principles of recognizing revenue and to develop a common revenue standard. This ASU amends ASU 2014-09 and ASU 2015-14, which are not yet effective. The new standard applies to entities that enter into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services, except for contracts that are within the scope of other standards. The Council implemented ASU 2017-14 during the year ended September 30, 2021, and has adjusted the presentation in these financial statements accordingly. The ASU has been applied retrospectively to all periods presented.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement*. The update modifies the disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The Council implemented ASU 2017-14 during the year ended September 30, 2021.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which updates certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. The Council implemented ASU 2016-01 during the year ended September 30, 2020, and has adjusted the presentation in these financial statements accordingly.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-08, Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made, which sets out to clarify and improve the scope and the accounting guidance for contributions received and contributions

NOTE M – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (Continued)

made. The amendments in this update should assist entities in (1) evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions (nonreciprocal transactions) within the scope of Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities, or as exchange (reciprocal) transactions subject to other guidance and (2) determining whether a contribution is conditional. The Council implemented ASU 2018-08 during the year ended September 30, 2020. The implementation of this standard had no effect on the Council's recognition of contribution revenues.

In August 2016, the FASB, issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which is intended to reduce the diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. In addition, in November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Restricted Cash, which provides additional guidance related to transfers between cash and restricted cash and how entities present the cash receipts and cash payments that directly affect the restricted cash accounts in the statement of cash flows. The Council implemented ASU 2016-15 and ASU 2016-18 during the year ended September 30, 2020. The implementation of these standards had no effect on the Council's presentation of cash and cash equivalents in these financial statements.

NOTE N – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, which sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract (i.e. lessees and lessors). The new standard requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase by the lessee. In June 2020, the FASB extended the effective implementation date of the ASU to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The Council is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its financial statements.

In September 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-07, *Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*, which is intended to improve transparency by requiring organizations to provide additional disclosures about contributions of nonfinancial assets. ASU 2020-07 will be effective for the Council for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The Council is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2020-07 on its financial statements.

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

CARROLL and COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2640-A Mitcham Drive Tallahassee, FL 32308-5400

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS

KRISTIE E. DEBOER, CPA LAUREE M. ELLIOTT, CPA LAUREN I. MAULTSBY, CPA KACIE K. MCCLOUD, CPA STEPHEN C. ROEDER, CPA

ABBY F. DUPREE, CPA, CGMA

KATHLEEN E. BROTHERS, CPA, CGMA

STEPHANIE G. ZOTTOLI, CPA, CGMA

RICH A. HEITMEYER, CPA

(850) 877-1099 Fax (850) 878-7000 E-Mail: cpas@ccrcpa.com Website address: www.ccrcpa.com

FREDERICK CARROLL III FOUNDER (RETIRED)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Tallahassee – Leon County Cultural Resources Commission d/b/a Council on Culture and Arts Tallahassee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Tallahassee - Leon County Cultural Resources Commission d/b/a Council on Culture and Arts (a non-profit organization) (the Council), which comprise the statement of financial position as of September 30, 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 12, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the Board of Directors
Tallahassee – Leon County Cultural Resources Commission
d/b/a Council on Culture and Arts
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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Canoll and Company

January 12, 2022